## In the Claims

- 1(Cancelled).
- 2(Cancelled).
- 3(Cancelled).
- 4(Cancelled).
- 5(Cancelled).
- 6(Cancelled).
- 7(Cancelled).
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- 10(Cancelled).
- 11(Cancelled).
- 12(Cancelled).
- 13(Cancelled).
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- 15(Cancelled).
- 16(Cancelled).
- 17(Cancelled).
- 18(Cancelled).
- 19(Cancelled).
- 20(Cancelled).

21(New).	A multiple channel system for a twisted pair telephone wire local loop
system, comprising	<u>:</u>
a subscriber	gateway system having an n-channel transceiver connected to the twisted pair
telephone wire, the	n-channel transceiver sending and receiving multiple independent channels,
wherein the n-change	nel transceiver has a plurality of digital demodulators;
an n-channe	l transceiver at a central office connected to the twisted pair telephone wire,
the n-channel transc	ceiver sending and receiving multiple independent channels wherein n is
greater than two; an	<u>ad</u>
a local circu	it switch connected to an output of the n-channel transceiver at the central
office.	
22(New).	The system of claim 21, further including a digital subscriber line access
multiplexer connect	ted to the output of the n-channel receiver at the central office.
23(New).	The system of claim 21, wherein the plurality of digital modulators are
coupled to a plurali	ty of digital filters.
24(New).	The system of claim 23, wherein each of the outputs of the plurality of
digital filters is sum	amed by a summer.
25(New).	The system of claim 23, wherein the plurality of digital modulators are
implemented in a di	gital signal processor.
26(New).	The system of claim 21, wherein the plurality of digital modulators are
implemented in a di	gital signal processor.

27(New). A method of operating a bandwidth allocation system for a twisted pair
telephone wire local loop system, comprising the steps of:
(a) receiving a bandwidth allocation request at an office controller;
(b) selecting an unused section of frequency;
(c) determining if the unused section of frequency has sufficient bandwidth;
(d) when the unused section of frequency has sufficient bandwidth, performing a link
quality analysis; and
(e) when the link quality analysis is greater than a predetermined minimum, defining the
unused section of frequency as available.
28(New) The method of claim 27, further including the steps of:
(f) when the frequency band is available, determining a filter scheme and a frequency
translation scheme;
(g) transmitting the filter scheme and the frequency translation scheme to a subscriber
controller over a control channel;
(h) sending a bandwidth allocation available message by the office controller.
29(New). A bandwidth allocation system for a twisted pair telephone wire local loop
system, comprising:
a subscriber digital filter system connected to the twisted pair telephone wire;
an office digital filter system connected to the twisted pair telephone wire; and
an office controller sending a control signal to the office digital filter system, wherein the
office controller receives a bandwidth allocation request and calculates a digital filter coefficients
necessary to realize a digital filter to satisfy the bandwidth allocation request.

30(New)	The system of claim 29, further including:
a subscriber	controller sending a control signal to the subscriber digital filter system.
31(New). filter coefficients to	The system of claim 30, wherein the office controller transmits the digital the subscriber controller over a control channel.
32(New).  to the subscriber co	The system of claim 29, further including a subscriber transceiver coupled ntroller and the subscriber filter system.